

IN THE CLAIMS:

Please amend the claims as follows:

1. (Original) A memory device comprising:
hysteretic capacitance means; and
a read circuit applying a bias voltage to said capacitance means in different directions in a first time and a second time of data reading respectively for defining read data by comparing first read data and second read data with each other.
2. (Original) The memory device according to claim 1, wherein
said read circuit defines said read data on the basis of a variation of the potential of a bit line corresponding to said first read data and a variation of the potential of a bit line corresponding to said second read data.
3. (Original) The memory device according to claim 2, wherein
said read circuit includes a first circuit part detecting said variation of the potential of said bit line corresponding to said first read data and a second circuit part detecting said variation of the potential of said bit line corresponding to said second read data.
4. (Original) The memory device according to claim 3, wherein
said first circuit part includes a first transistor connected to said bit line for entering an ON state in said first time of said data reading and entering an OFF state in said second time of said data reading, and
said second circuit part includes a second transistor connected to said bit line for entering an ON state in said second time of said data reading and entering an OFF state in said first time of said data reading.

5. (Original) The memory device according to claim 1, wherein
said read circuit includes a resistance dividing circuit for generating a reference
potential consisting of a first potential.

6. (Original) The memory device according to claim 5, wherein
said read circuit defines said read data on the basis of the difference between a
variation of the potential of a bit line corresponding to said first read data and a variation
of the potential of a bit line corresponding to said second read data and said reference
potential consisting of said first potential generated by said resistance dividing circuit.

7. (Currently Amended) The memory device according to claim 6, wherein
said read circuit includes a comparator comparing the difference between said
variation of the potential of said bit line corresponding to said first read data and said
variation of the potential of said bit line corresponding to said second read data ~~and~~
respectively with said reference potential generated by said resistance dividing circuit
~~with each other.~~

8. (Original) The memory device according to claim 7, wherein
said comparator includes a first input terminal supplied with said reference
potential and a second input terminal connected with a node,
said resistance dividing circuit also generates a second potential in addition to
said reference potential consisting of said first potential, and
said second potential is applied to said node connected with said second input
terminal of said comparator as an initial potential.

9. (Original) The memory device according to claim 8, wherein
said read circuit includes a third transistor connected between a portion of said resistance dividing circuit generating said second potential and said node connected with said second input terminal of said comparator for entering an ON state in an initial state and entering an OFF state in said data reading.

10. (Original) The memory device according to claim 8, wherein
said reference potential is set to an intermediate level between a potential obtained by adding the difference between said variation of the potential of said bit line corresponding to said first read data and said variation of the potential of said bit line corresponding to said second read data with reference to initial data formed by first data to said initial potential of said node and a potential obtained by adding the difference between said variation of the potential of said bit line corresponding to said first read data and said variation of the potential of said bit line corresponding to said second read data with reference to initial data formed by second data to said initial potential of said node.

11. (Original) The memory device according to claim 1, wherein
first said bias voltage and second said bias voltage applied to said capacitance means in said data reading are voltages, reversed in polarity to each other, having substantially equal absolute values.

12. (Original) The memory device according to claim 1, wherein
the hysteresis curve of said capacitance means is substantially symmetrical with respect to the origin.

13. (Original) The memory device according to claim 1, wherein said hysteretic capacitance means includes a ferroelectric capacitor.

14. (Original) The memory device according to claim 13, wherein said ferroelectric capacitor consists of a bit line, a word line and a ferroelectric film arranged between said bit line and said word line,
said memory device further comprising memory cells each consisting of said ferroelectric capacitor.

15. (Original) The memory device according to claim 14, wherein a voltage n/m times said bias voltage, where $m > n$, is applied to memory cells other than selected said memory cell in said data reading.

16. (Original) The memory device according to claim 13, further comprising memory cells each consisting of a single said ferroelectric capacitor and a single transistor connected to said ferroelectric capacitor.